

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado

Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

For the year ended December 31, 2022



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Independent Auditor's Report



Certified Public Accountants (a professional corporation)

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Honorable Mayor and the Board of Trustees
Town of Lochbuie

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the Town of Lochbuie, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Lochbuie's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the Town of Lochbuie, as of December 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Town of Lochbuie and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the 2021 financial statements have been restated to correct misstatements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Lochbuie's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a



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substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Lochbuie's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Lochbuie's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

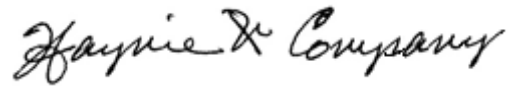
Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Lochbuie's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules, debt service to maturity schedule, and history of assessed valuation are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules, debt service to maturity schedule, and history of assessed valuation are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Local Highway Finance Report, which has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Haynie & Company".

Littleton, Colorado
July 18, 2023

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Management's Discussion and Analysis
December 31, 2022

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2022

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Lochbuie's (Town) financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 provides a narrative overview of the Town's financial activities. Please consider the information here in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The Town

The Town of Lochbuie is what is known as a Mayor-Board style statutory Town. This classification, in contrast to a home-rule town, limits the authority the Town exercises, primarily in the area of taxes and tax collection. The Town consists of an elected Mayor and six Town Board trustees. The Town also appoints a Town Treasurer and Town Clerk. The top three candidates for Board seats receive staggered 4 year terms, with the remaining 3 seats and the Mayor receiving a 2 year term. The Town Treasurer and Town Clerk are appointed to 2 year terms. The Town Board employs a Town Administrator to direct the daily activities and functions of the Town.

The Town is located in the northeast Denver metropolitan area and is located within Weld and Adams Counties. The Town is adjacent to the Cities and Towns of Brighton, Hudson and Fort Lupton. The Town encompasses 5 square miles, or 16,000 acres, with approximately 8,088 residents and 2,675 households. The Town provides the majority of its core services by its own means through a Town controlled Waste Water Treatment Plant, Reverse Osmosis Plant and employs its own Police Department.

The primary sources of revenue for Towns in Colorado are sales and use taxes, as is true for Lochbuie. Property taxes are the next largest source of governmental revenues. Other sources of governmental revenue include miscellaneous fees generated through the Town's gas, electric and cable providers and other taxes and fees. The Town also records program-type revenues from court fines and fees, land use and permitting fees, and capital grants and contributions.

Financial Highlights

- Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$64,404,923 at December 31, 2022.
- Net position of governmental activities increased by \$2,034,830, and net position of business-type activities increased by \$5,815,241.
- Fund balance of the general fund increased by \$1,795,248. This increase was primarily a result of increased sales tax collections, and permit and related new development revenue.

Other Highlights

- Building continued in 2 subdivisions within Town limits.
- In 2018 the Town issued \$4,500,000 in Limited Tax Obligation Bonds for the purpose of funding the costs of capital improvements for the Town.

The Town provides its employees with pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) through two multiple employer cost-sharing defined benefit pension plans administered by the Colorado Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA) and Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA). It is important to note that the Town does not currently have to pay the amount shown as the Town's net pension and OPEB liabilities, nor will the Town benefit from any pension related assets. The Town's direct liability is limited to the annually required contributions established by the State Legislature. In addition, the Town does not have any control over the investment policies associated with PERA and FPPA investments. These responsibilities lie solely with the PERA and FPPA board and administration. Decisions regarding the plan benefit design and the funding policies lie solely with the State Legislature. Please refer to Notes 7, 9 and 10 within the Notes to Financial Statements section of this report.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Government-wide Financial Statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Town's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *Net Position*.

Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating. The reader of the financial statements should also consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the composition or quality of the Town's sales tax base and perhaps the condition of the Town's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the Town.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*, the Town is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities – most of the Town's basic services are reported here including public safety, public works, municipal court and general administration. Sales and use taxes, property taxes, fees and charges from the court and franchise fees finance most of these activities. Governmental activities of the Town also include the financing, construction of, and maintenance of governmental infrastructure constructed or acquired by the Town during the current year.
- Business-type activities – the Town charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town are governmental or proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance, whether assigned, committed or unassigned*, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each of the Town's major governmental funds, the General Fund and the Conservation Trust Fund.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for this fund in the *basic financial statements* to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as shown in the governmentwide financial statements, only these statements provide a more detailed level of information.

Enterprise funds, a type of proprietary fund, are used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. The Town utilizes two enterprise funds to account for water and sewer operations.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report also presents certain supplementary information which is required to be disclosed by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* and other supplemental information presented for legal compliance and additional analysis.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

At the close of 2022, total net position was \$64,404,923. The largest portion of net position is the investment in capital assets of \$27,829,974 (43% of net position). The amount reflects the investment of all capital assets (e.g. infrastructure, land, buildings and equipment), net of accumulated depreciation, less any debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities.

The following tables summarize the Town's governmental and business-type net positions:

	December 31, 2022		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Current & Other Assets	\$ 10,001,417	\$ 30,998,300	\$ 40,999,717
Capital Assets	10,113,259	22,789,272	32,902,531
Total Assets	20,114,676	53,787,572	73,902,248
Deferred Outflows of Resources	438,144	160,392	598,536
Current & Other Liabilities	905,485	972,010	1,877,495
Non-Current Liabilities	3,875,019	2,402,580	6,277,599
Total Liabilities	4,780,504	3,374,590	8,155,094
Deferred inflows of resources	1,426,536	514,231	1,940,767
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	6,070,755	21,759,219	27,829,974
Restricted for Emergencies	186,932	-	186,932
Restricted for conservation trust	254,750	-	254,750
Restricted for capital asset purchase	147,744	-	147,744
Restricted for bond debt service	-	164,800	164,800
Restricted for capital projects from PIFs	-	6,244,233	6,244,233
Restricted for pension	-	427,044	427,044
Unrestricted	7,685,599	21,463,846	29,149,445
Total Net Position	\$ 14,345,780	\$ 50,059,143	\$ 64,404,923

	December 31, 2021		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Current & Other Assets	\$ 8,209,497	\$ 24,048,938	\$ 32,258,435
Capital Assets	10,278,229	25,173,766	35,451,995
Total Assets	18,487,726	49,222,704	67,710,430
Deferred Outflows of Resources	487,359	254,545	741,904
Current & Other Liabilities	1,313,312	568,198	1,881,510
Non-Current Liabilities	4,066,775	1,452,821	5,519,596
Total Liabilities	5,380,087	2,021,019	7,401,106
Deferred inflows of resources	1,284,048	418,506	1,702,554
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	6,017,868	24,016,562	30,034,430
Restricted for Emergencies	134,000	-	134,000
Restricted for conservation trust	218,459	-	218,459
Restricted for bond debt service	-	164,800	164,800
Unrestricted	5,940,623	22,856,362	28,796,985
Total Net Position	\$ 12,310,950	\$ 47,037,724	\$ 59,348,674

Changes in Net Position

The Town's net position increased by \$7,850,071 in 2022 and \$7,457,013 in 2021 for governmental and business-type activities. Beginning net position was restated as of January 1, 2022 related to historical depreciation adjustments in the water and sewer funds and reclassification of the ARPA funds from revenues to unearned revenue. The following tables summarizes the changes in net position.

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,149,984	\$ 3,527,428	\$ 4,677,412
Operating grants & contributions	138,356	-	138,356
Capital grants & contributions	338,404	4,415,732	4,754,136
General Revenues			
Taxes/Assessments	4,096,448	-	4,096,448
Interest Earnings	90,325	293,090	383,415
Interest Expense	-	(30,387)	(30,387)
Other	523,121	1,309,949	1,833,070
Total Revenues	6,336,638	9,515,812	15,852,450
Expenses			
General Government	1,412,230	-	1,412,230
Public Safety	1,319,839	-	1,319,839
Public Works	1,003,244	-	1,003,244
Trash Services	438,183	-	438,183
Interest on Long-Term Debt	128,312	-	128,312
Water	-	1,877,625	1,877,625
Sewer	-	1,822,946	1,822,946
Total Expenses	4,301,808	3,700,571	8,002,379
Change in Net Position	2,034,830	5,815,241	7,850,071
Beginning Net Position - as restated	12,310,950	44,243,902	56,554,852
Ending Net Position	\$ 14,345,780	\$ 50,059,143	\$ 64,404,923

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2021		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 841,557	\$ 4,572,912	\$ 5,414,469
Operating grants & contributions	535,490	3,981,596	4,517,086
Capital grants & contributions	37,225	-	37,225
General Revenues			
Taxes/Assessments	3,430,129	-	3,430,129
Interest Earnings	5,729	8,848	14,577
Other	369,408	917,929	1,287,337
Total Revenues	5,219,538	9,481,285	14,700,823
Expenses			
General Government	1,405,825	-	1,405,825
Public Safety	1,362,376	-	1,362,376
Public Works	783,958	-	783,958
Trash Services	422,172	-	422,172
Water	-	1,706,137	1,706,137
Sewer	-	1,563,342	1,563,342
Total Expenses	3,974,331	3,269,479	7,243,810
Change in Net Position	1,245,207	6,211,806	7,457,013
Beginning Net Position	11,065,743	40,825,918	51,891,661
Ending Net Position	\$ 12,310,950	\$ 47,037,724	\$ 59,348,674

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased Lochbuie's net position by \$2,034,830. The increase in revenue from 2021 to 2022 of \$1,117,100 (21%) was a result of an increase in sales and use taxes, and building permits and related fees for new housings. Expenses increased by \$327,477, or 8%, from 2021 to 2022, primarily due to increases in expenses related to salaries and permits during 2022.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities for the year resulted in an increase of net position by \$5,815,241. Charges for services and other operating-related revenue increased from 2021 to 2022 by \$34,526, or 0.3%.

Governmental Funds

As of the end of 2022, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$8,237,309.

The Town has two major governmental funds. They are the General and Conservation Trust Funds. The General Fund is the primary operating fund for the Town of Lochbuie and reports a fund balance of \$7,982,559 as of December 31, 2022. General Fund departments consist of Legislative, Administration, Police, Judicial and Public Works.

The Conservation Trust Fund had a total fund balance at the end of 2022 of \$254,750. This fund accounts for State of Colorado lottery funds and is to be used for parks and recreation services and capital investment.

Proprietary Fund

The Town's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements in more detail.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Town of Lochbuie's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022 amounted to \$32,902,531. The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, Building improvements, and equipment and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. Beginning accumulated depreciation balances were restated within the business-type activities in 2022 to correct historical depreciation errors.

Long Term Debt

At the end of 2022, total bonded debt outstanding was \$4,610,000. This debt represents \$3,595,000 related to general governmental obligation bonds and \$1,015,000 related to bonds secured solely by specific revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The 2023 Budget includes capital maintenance, funds to attract and retain a high quality workforce and maintain high service levels.

As revenues are vulnerable to economic cycles, the Town maintains a conservative projection philosophy to ensure the fiscal stability of the Town and continue to maintain expected service levels.

Investments in infrastructure are being made in 2023 that are consistent with our Capital Improvement Plan. The Town will be focused on adding additional sources of sustainable revenue to fund community services and amenities. The Town will encourage both retail and industrial development to generate both revenue and jobs as well as locations to shop in town.

The Town continues to focus on our mission of building a great community for families.

Administrative Services

Town Administrator – The Town Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board of Trustees. The Administrator is charged with ensuring that policies of the Board of Trustees are implemented and functions as the Chief of Staff for the Town Departments as well as serving as the Director of Public Safety, Building Official and Town Attorney liaison.

Town Clerk – During 2022, the Town Clerk was the custodian of all the Town records, made a record of Town Board meetings, and fulfilled all the statutory duties of a Town Clerk and worked as the Office Manager. The clerk serves as an advisor to the Town Administrator and to the Board of Trustees. The Clerk supervised the Administrative Clerk and Utility Billing Specialist.

Town Treasurer - The Town Treasurer is responsible for maintaining the financial records of the Town, prepares or causes to be prepared the financial statements and annual budgets of the Town, maintains Town bank accounts and investment accounts, ensures that receivables and payables are transacted properly and advises the Town Administrator and the Board of Trustees as to the financial condition of the Town. The Treasurer oversees the work of the Accounts Payable, Purchasing and Payroll Departments and assists with the annual audit.

Human Resources – This department is responsible for advertising open positions, interviewing, hiring, new employee orientations, administration of benefits, updating and maintaining employee files, management of the Town's general liability and worker's compensation insurance policies, and ensuring the Town is in compliance with all federal and state employment laws.

Municipal Court – Lochbuie Municipal Court is a court of record. During 2022, Court was conducted on the 4th Tuesday of each month beginning at 8:30 am. Additional sessions of court are conducted as necessary based on case load or extraordinary circumstances. The court is presided over by a judge appointed to a two-year term as a part-time judge. The judge is relieved by an alternate judge in his absence. The judge is assisted by a Court Clerk, whose job is part-time. When Court is in session a bailiff is provided by the police department. One or more of the Administrative staff members assist in court sessions in various duties to assist the Clerk,

the prosecutor and the judge. The Town employs a law firm to serve as prosecutors. Translation services are routinely provided by a part-time translator and by bi-lingual, Spanish speaking staff members.

Building Department – The Town employs a Community Development Director to manage the planning department including review of all proposed development, proposed zoning changes, master plan development and review, parks & recreation planning and traffic planning. The Director works closely with Town engineering, legal counsel and building inspection consultants.

By ordinance of the Board of Trustees, the Town does not have a separate planning commission. Instead, the functions classically performed by a planning commission -- review of all proposed development, proposed zoning changes, master plan development and review, parks and recreation planning, traffic planning, and general municipal engineering matters --are performed by the Board of Trustees.

Public Works – The Public Works Director supervises the Public Works Department. The department manages all storm water, streets and parks functions. The operation of the water and waste water facilities and all required services for the operation thereof are managed by an Operator in Responsible Charge (ORC).

Police – The Police Department is staffed by a full-time Chief, one lieutenant, two sergeants, seven patrol officers a records supervisor, and a court clerk. The Town employs a community service officer to perform code enforcement and animal control functions for the Town.

Fire Protection – Fire protection is provided by the Hudson and Greater Brighton Fire Protection Districts.

The Hudson FPD is currently a combination fire department supplemented by volunteers and the Brighton FPD is a career department.

Emergency Medical Services – Ambulance service is provided by Platte Valley Ambulance, based at Brighton's Platte Valley Medical Center and secondary EMS transport is provided by Weld County Paramedics. The ambulance is supported by the appropriate fire department.

Trash Service – Solid waste management is provided by the Town through a contract trash hauling company. Fees for this service are collected with the utility bills.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Lochbuie's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Steve Stamey
Interim Town Administrator
Town of Lochbuie
703 WCR 37
Lochbuie, CO 80603

Roster of Town Officials

Appointed Officials

Heather Meierkort– Town Clerk
Denise Rademacher – Town Treasurer

Elected Officials

Michael Mahoney – Mayor
Jamie Jeffery – Mayor Pro Tem
May Wescott – Trustee
Dawn Coen – Trustee
Jacklyn White – Trustee
Kat Bristow- Trustee
Peggy Tapey - Trustee

Basic Financial Statements

Town of Lochbuie
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2022

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 7,969,906	\$ 24,134,066	\$ 32,103,972
Cash and investments - restricted	428,733	6,409,033	6,837,766
Cash held by county treasurer	51,487	-	51,487
Accounts receivable	410,504	397,700	808,204
Property taxes receivable	560,101	-	560,101
Capital assets, not being depreciated	263,093	898,285	1,161,378
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,850,166	21,890,987	31,741,153
Net pension asset	580,686	57,500	638,186
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>20,114,676</u>	<u>53,787,572</u>	<u>73,902,248</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	419,624	140,409	560,033
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	18,520	19,983	38,503
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>438,144</u>	<u>160,392</u>	<u>598,536</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	623,321	429,240	1,052,561
Accrued interest payable	10,583	2,482	13,065
Unearned revenue	-	1,835,858	1,835,858
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences	62,430	32,001	94,431
Net OPEB liability	41,666	44,956	86,622
Due within one year	271,581	135,000	406,581
Due in more than one year	3,770,923	895,053	4,665,976
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>4,780,504</u>	<u>3,374,590</u>	<u>8,155,094</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property taxes	560,101	-	560,101
Deferred inflows related to pensions	851,716	498,350	1,350,066
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	14,719	15,881	30,600
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>1,426,536</u>	<u>514,231</u>	<u>1,940,767</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	6,070,755	21,759,219	27,829,974
Restricted			
Emergency reserve	186,932	-	186,932
Conservation trust	254,750	-	254,750
Capital asset	147,744	-	147,744
Bond debt service	-	164,800	164,800
Capital projects - PIF collections	-	6,244,233	6,244,233
Net pension asset	-	427,044	427,044
Unrestricted	7,685,599	21,463,846	29,149,445
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 14,345,780</u>	<u>\$ 50,059,143</u>	<u>\$ 64,404,923</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS	PROGRAM REVENUES		NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	
	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
	EXPENSES	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		TOTAL
Primary Government				
Governmental activities:				
General government - Legislative	\$ 132,153	\$ -	\$ (132,153)	\$ (132,153)
General government - Judicial	30,455	-	37,498	37,498
General government - Administrative	1,249,622	37,676	(603,473)	(603,473)
Public safety - Police	1,319,839	-	(1,319,839)	(1,319,839)
Public works- Streets	827,334	-	(488,930)	(488,930)
Public works - Parks	175,910	338,404	(75,230)	(75,230)
Trash service	438,183	100,680	35,375	35,375
Interest on long-term debt	128,312	-	(128,312)	(128,312)
Total Governmental Activities	4,301,808	338,404	(2,675,064)	(2,675,064)
Business-Type Activities:				
Water	1,877,625	-	-	2,050,643
Sewer	1,822,946	1,448,199	-	2,191,946
Total Business-Type Activities	3,700,571	4,415,732	-	4,242,589
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,002,379	\$ 4,754,136	\$ (2,675,064)	\$ 1,567,525
General Revenues (Expenses):				
Taxes:				
Property taxes			\$ 795,936	\$ 795,936
Specific Ownership Taxes			47,130	47,130
Sales and Use Taxes			2,722,527	2,722,527
Franchise taxes			225,096	225,096
Highway user taxes			229,969	229,969
Other taxes			74,599	74,599
Earnings on investments			293,090	384,606
Interest expense			(30,387)	(30,387)
Other			1,309,948	1,833,069
Total general revenues			1,572,651	6,282,545
Change in net position			2,034,830	7,850,070
NET POSITION, BEGINNING, as restated			12,310,950	56,554,853
NET POSITION, ENDING			\$ 14,345,780	\$ 64,404,923

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2022

	GENERAL FUND	CONSERVATION TRUST FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS			
Cash, and cash equivalents	\$ 7,969,906	\$ -	\$ 7,969,906
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	147,744	280,989	428,733
Cash held by county treasurer	51,487	-	51,487
Accounts receivable	410,504	-	410,504
Property taxes receivable	560,101	-	560,101
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 9,139,742</u>	<u>\$ 280,989</u>	<u>\$ 9,420,731</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and payroll liabilities	\$ 597,082	\$ 26,239	\$ 623,321
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>597,082</u>	<u>26,239</u>	<u>623,321</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property taxes	560,101	-	560,101
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>560,101</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>560,101</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Emergencies	186,932	-	186,932
Capital asset	147,744	-	-
Conservation trust	-	254,750	254,750
Committed for:			
School building	416,725	-	416,725
Assigned for:			
Insurance deductible	33,376	-	33,376
Unassigned	7,197,782	-	7,197,782
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	<u>7,982,559</u>	<u>254,750</u>	<u>8,237,309</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 9,139,742</u>	<u>\$ 280,989</u>	<u>\$ 9,420,731</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 8,237,309
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds:	
Capital assets	14,090,674
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,977,415)</u>
Net capital assets	10,113,259
Pension and OPEB liabilities and assets and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	
Net pension asset	580,686
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions	419,624
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions	(851,716)
Net OPEB liability	(41,666)
Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB	18,520
Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB	(14,719)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements.	
Accrued interest payable	(10,583)
Accrued compensated absences	(62,430)
Bonds and leases payable - net	<u>(4,042,504)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 14,345,780</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie
Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	GENERAL FUND	CONSERVATION TRUST FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 795,936	\$ -	\$ 795,936
Specific ownership taxes	47,130	-	47,130
Sales and use taxes	2,722,527	-	2,722,527
Franchise taxes	225,096	-	225,096
Highway user taxes	229,969	-	229,969
Other taxes	74,599	-	74,599
Intergovernmental	-	100,680	100,680
Licenses, permits and fees	608,473	-	608,473
Fines and Forfeitures	67,953	-	67,953
Grants	37,676	-	37,676
Developer reimbursements	338,404	-	338,404
Interest earned	87,831	3,685	91,516
Trash service	473,558	-	473,558
Other revenue	523,121	-	523,121
TOTAL REVENUES	6,232,273	104,365	6,336,638
EXPENDITURES:			
General and Operating:			
General Government - Legislative	140,287	-	140,287
General Government - Judicial	32,873	-	32,873
General Government - Administration	1,140,019	-	1,140,019
Public Safety - Police	1,408,523	-	1,408,523
Public works - Streets	510,164	-	510,164
Public works - Parks	156,781	-	156,781
Trash services	438,183	-	438,183
Debt Service:			
Principal	481,380	-	481,380
Interest	137,403	-	137,403
Capital outlay	262,963	68,074	331,037
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,708,576	68,074	4,776,650
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,523,697	36,291	1,559,988
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Capital lease proceeds	271,551	-	271,551
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	271,551	-	271,551
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,795,248	36,291	1,831,539
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,187,311	218,459	6,405,770
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 7,982,559	\$ 254,750	\$ 8,237,309

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,831,539
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Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities, those costs are capitalized in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation during the period.

Capital outlay	331,037
Net book value of capital assets disposed	(5,667)
Depreciation expense	(490,340)

Governmental funds report the proceeds from issuance of capital leases as other financing sources and the repayments of principal on bonds and capital leases as expenditures, whereas the statement of activities recognizes these amounts as increases and decreases in the associated liabilities. Interest expense is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due, while interest expense is recognized when incurred in the statement of activities. Interest expense reported in the statement of activities also includes amortization of bond premiums which are recognized in the governmental funds in the period incurred. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term liabilities and related expenditures is as follows:

Principal payments on debt obligations	481,380
Capital lease proceeds	(271,551)
Change in accrued interest	1,063
Amortization of bond premium	8,028

Increase in accrued compensated absences liability is reflected as an expense on the statement of activities and not reflected as an expense on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances until paid.	(36,699)
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Changes in the City's net pension asset, liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Town's pension and OPEB plans for the current year do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as income in the governmental fund financial statements.	186,040
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Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,034,830
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Town of Lochbuie
General Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Change in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES			
Taxes			
Property taxes	\$ 795,171	\$ 795,936	\$ 765
Specific ownership taxes	40,000	47,130	7,130
Sales and use taxes	2,264,400	2,722,527	458,127
Franchise taxes	212,650	225,096	12,446
Highway user taxes	221,793	229,969	8,176
Other taxes	78,670	74,599	(4,071)
Licenses, permits and fees	848,916	608,473	(240,443)
Fines and Forfeitures	80,485	67,953	(12,532)
Grants	557,000	37,676	(519,324)
Developer reimbursements	304,000	338,404	34,404
Interest earned	5,560	87,831	82,271
Trash service	462,520	473,558	11,038
Other revenue	253,764	523,121	269,357
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>6,124,929</u>	<u>6,232,273</u>	<u>107,344</u>
EXPENDITURES			
General Government - Legislative	168,872	140,287	28,585
General Government - Judicial	35,820	32,873	2,947
General Government - Administration	1,301,561	1,140,019	161,542
Public Safety - Police	1,637,955	1,408,523	229,432
Public works - Streets	926,230	510,164	416,066
Public works - Parks	180,334	156,781	23,553
Trash services	449,700	438,183	11,517
Debt Service			-
Principal	527,275	479,033	48,242
Interest and other charges	139,750	139,750	-
Capital outlay	1,210,000	262,963	947,037
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 6,577,497</u>	<u>\$ 4,708,576</u>	<u>\$ 1,868,921</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(452,568)	1,523,697	(1,761,577)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)			
Proceeds from capital lease	-	271,551	271,551
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	<u>-</u>	<u>271,551</u>	<u>271,551</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ (452,568)</u>	<u>\$ 1,795,248</u>	<u>\$ 2,247,816</u>
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>6,187,311</u>	
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 7,982,559</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie

Enterprise Funds Statements of Net Position December 31, 2022

ASSETS	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 16,832,187	\$ 7,301,879	\$ 24,134,066
Cash and investments - restricted	164,800	6,244,233	6,409,033
Accounts receivable	202,939	194,761	397,700
Total Current Assets	<u>17,199,926</u>	<u>13,740,873</u>	<u>30,940,799</u>
Capital Assets			
Nondepreciable	634,597	263,688	898,285
Depreciable, net	9,909,001	11,981,986	21,890,987
Total Capital Assets	<u>10,543,598</u>	<u>12,245,674</u>	<u>22,789,272</u>
Non-current Assets			
Net pension asset	33,163	24,337	57,500
Total Non-current Assets	<u>33,163</u>	<u>24,337</u>	<u>57,500</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>27,776,687</u>	<u>26,010,884</u>	<u>53,787,572</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred outflow	80,980	59,429	140,409
OPEB related deferred outflow	11,525	8,458	19,983
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>92,505</u>	<u>67,887</u>	<u>160,392</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	285,535	143,705	429,240
Accrued interest payable	2,482	-	2,482
Compensated absences	18,543	13,458	32,001
Current portion - bonds	135,000	-	135,000
Unearned revenue	1,835,858	-	1,835,858
Total Current Liabilities	<u>2,277,418</u>	<u>157,163</u>	<u>2,434,581</u>
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Net OPEB liability	25,928	19,028	44,956
Bonds and notes payable	895,053	-	895,053
Total Non-Current Liabilities	<u>920,981</u>	<u>19,028</u>	<u>940,009</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>3,198,399</u>	<u>176,191</u>	<u>3,374,590</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred inflow	287,421	210,929	498,350
OPEB related deferred inflow	9,159	6,722	15,881
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>296,580</u>	<u>217,651</u>	<u>514,231</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	8,878,948	11,981,986	21,759,219
Restricted:			
Bonded debt service	164,800	-	164,800
Capital projects - PIF collections	-	6,244,233	6,244,233
Net pension asset	-	427,044	427,044
Unrestricted	15,330,465	7,031,666	21,463,846
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 24,374,213</u>	<u>\$ 25,684,929</u>	<u>\$ 50,059,143</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie
Enterprise Funds
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>Water Fund</u>	<u>Sewer Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 2,480,069	\$ 1,047,359	\$ 3,527,428
Other	235,704	1,074,244	1,309,948
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	<u>2,715,773</u>	<u>2,121,603</u>	<u>4,837,376</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Operating expenses	932,039	955,886	1,887,925
Administrative expenses	557,750	307,160	864,910
Depreciation expense	<u>387,836</u>	<u>559,900</u>	<u>947,736</u>
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	<u>1,877,625</u>	<u>1,822,946</u>	<u>3,700,571</u>
OPERATING INCOME	<u>838,148</u>	<u>298,657</u>	<u>1,136,805</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest earnings	172,112	120,978	293,090
Interest expense	<u>(30,387)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(30,387)</u>
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	<u>141,725</u>	<u>120,978</u>	<u>262,703</u>
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	<u>979,873</u>	<u>419,635</u>	<u>1,399,508</u>
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			
Tap fees/PIFS	<u>1,448,199</u>	<u>2,967,533</u>	<u>4,415,732</u>
	<u>1,448,199</u>	<u>2,967,533</u>	<u>4,415,732</u>
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	2,428,072	3,387,168	5,815,240
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	<u>21,946,141</u>	<u>22,297,762</u>	<u>44,243,903</u>
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 24,374,213</u>	<u>\$ 25,684,930</u>	<u>\$ 50,059,143</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie
Enterprise Funds
Statements of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<u>Water Fund</u>	<u>Sewer Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,449,530	\$ 1,102,771	\$ 3,552,301
Receipts from others	235,704	1,074,244	1,309,948
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,382,595)	(1,195,563)	(2,578,158)
Payments to and on behalf of employees	<u>(287,584)</u>	<u>(109,851)</u>	<u>(397,435)</u>
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>1,015,055</u>	<u>871,601</u>	<u>1,886,656</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Tap fees/PIFS	1,448,199	2,967,533	4,415,732
Proceeds from capital grants	917,929	-	917,929
Acquisition of capital assets	(116,563)	(322,573)	(439,136)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(125,000)	-	(125,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	<u>(30,387)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(30,387)</u>
NET CASH FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>2,094,178</u>	<u>2,644,960</u>	<u>4,739,138</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Other income	-	-	-
Interest received	<u>169,961</u>	<u>120,978</u>	<u>290,939</u>
NET CASH FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>169,961</u>	<u>120,978</u>	<u>290,939</u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,279,194	3,637,539	6,916,733
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Beginning of Year	<u>13,717,791</u>	<u>9,908,573</u>	<u>23,626,364</u>
End of Year	<u>\$ 16,996,985</u>	<u>\$ 13,546,112</u>	<u>\$ 30,543,097</u>
CASH IS REFLECTED ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS FOLLOWS:			
Cash and investments	\$ 16,832,187	\$ 7,301,879	\$ 24,134,066
Cash and investments - restricted	164,800	6,244,233	6,409,033
Total cash	<u>\$ 16,996,987</u>	<u>\$ 13,546,112</u>	<u>\$ 30,543,099</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 838,148	\$ 298,657	1,136,805
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities			
Depreciation	387,836	559,900	947,736
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:			
Accounts receivable	(30,539)	55,412	24,873
(Increase) decrease in operating liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities used for operations	(37,526)	48,837	11,311
Net pension and OPEB balances	(149,426)	(96,008)	(245,434)
Accrued payroll liabilities	<u>6,562</u>	<u>4,803</u>	<u>11,365</u>
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$ 1,015,055</u>	<u>\$ 871,601</u>	<u>\$ 1,886,656</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

1. Definition of Reporting Entity

Reporting Entity

The Town was organized as a statutory Town in Colorado by court order in 1974. The Town provides general government, public works (roads and streets), police, water, and sewer for the geographical area organized as the Town.

The Town follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The Town is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the Town a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The more significant accounting policies of the Town are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the Town. The difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Town is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for property, equipment and infrastructure are shown as increases in assets, and redemptions of bonds are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the enterprise funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues, rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes and franchise fees. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted or in another fund, which include the following departments: Legislative, Judicial, Administrative, Public Safety-Police, and Public Works.

Conservation Trust Fund – The Conservation Trust Fund accounts for State of Colorado lottery funds to be used for parks and recreation services and capital investment.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – The Water Fund was established to account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of the Town's water facilities and infrastructure.

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund was established to account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of the Town's sewer facilities and infrastructure.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Proprietary funds are used to account for ongoing activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for water and sewer service. Operating expenses include the costs of the services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses or capital contributions. Tap fees and plant investment fees are generally recorded as capital contributions when received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The Town follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based on each fund's average equity balance in total cash.

Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows of the proprietary funds, cash and cash equivalents include operating and restricted cash deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Accounts receivable, allowance for doubtful accounts

User fees and tap fees constitute a perpetual lien on or against property served until paid. Such liens may be foreclosed upon as provided by the State of Colorado. Therefore, no provision for uncollectible receivables has been made in the financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capitalized assets are defined by the Town as assets that have a useful life of one or more years and for which the initial, individual value equals or exceeds the following dollar amounts:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Dollar Value</u>
Land	No Minimum
Buildings	No Minimum
Buildings & other improvements	\$ 5,000
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 5,000
Infrastructure	\$ 5,000

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

All purchased assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated assets are valued at acquisition value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of an asset or materially extend asset life is not capitalized.

Depreciation expense is included in program expense in the government-wide statement of activities. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	40 years
Building and Other Improvements	20 years
Water and Sewer Systems	25 - 35 years
Furniture and Equipment	3 – 30 years
Infrastructure	15 – 40 years

Public domain assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are examples of infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets are distinguished from other capitalized assets since their useful life often extends beyond most other capital assets and are stationary in nature. General infrastructure assets are those associated with or arising from governmental activities.

Compensated absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused, vacation and sick pay benefits. These benefits accrue together as Paid Time Off (PTO). PTO accrues to a maximum of 240 hours, depending on length of employment. Compensated absences are recorded as current salary cost when paid in government funds and is accrued in the enterprise fund.

Property taxes

Property taxes are levied by the Town's Board of Trustees. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June.

Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the Town.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred inflows are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has certain items that relate to its pension and other post-employment benefit plans that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, these items are deferred and will be recognized as an outflow of resources in the period the resource is required for use.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has certain items that relate to its pension and other post-employment benefits and property tax revenue that qualify for this category. Accordingly, these items are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Pensions

The Town participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA").

In addition, the Town participates in the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (SWDB), a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Fire and Police Pension Association of Colorado (FPPA) that provides retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries.

The net pension asset, liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the plans have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB)

The Town participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan administered by the PERA. The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

FPPA administers the Statewide Death & Disability Plan discussed in Note 7, which qualifies as a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan under the standard. This plan covers substantially all active full- time (and some part-time) employees of fire and police departments in Colorado. As it pertains to the requirements in Statement No. 75 regarding the FPPA Statewide Death & Disability Plan and the Town, FPPA concluded that because all contributions to the plan are considered member contributions (and not employer), the employers' proportionate share of any Net OPEB liability (asset) is \$0.

Fund balances

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Non-spendable fund balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid items or inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the Town's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Town's Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Town's Board of Trustees to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned fund balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when expenditure is incurred, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

At December 31, 2022, the Town had \$186,932 restricted by legislation (for emergencies) and \$254,750 restricted for parks and recreation (Conservation Trust), and \$147,744 restricted for a capital asset purchase.

At December 31, 2022, the Town had \$416,725 committed for a future school building and \$33,376 assigned for the Town's insurance deductible.

The remaining fund balance is considered by the Town to be unassigned. At December 31, 2022, the Town had an unassigned fund balance in the general fund of \$7,197,782.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the supplementary information:

- By October 15, the Town Administrator submits to the Board of Trustees, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level.
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- Any budget revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Trustees through passage of a resolution.
- The Town legally adopts budgets for all of the funds. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.
- Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Trustees. All appropriations lapse at year end.

The Town's Board of Trustees can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The total appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires that the Town's management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are reflected on the December 31, 2022 Statement of Net Position as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 32,103,972
Cash and investments - restricted	6,837,766
Cash with county treasurer	<u>51,487</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 38,993,225</u>

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

3. Cash and Investments (continued)

A summary of cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

Petty cash	\$ 950
Bank deposits	15,634,974
Investments	<u>23,357,301</u>
Total	<u>\$ 38,993,225</u>

At December 31, 2022, the Town's cash deposits had bank balances of \$15,888,808 and carrying balances of \$15,634,974.

Deposits with financial institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act, (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. State regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. As of December 31, 2022, the federal insurance limit was \$250,000. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

Custodial credit risk - deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. The Town's cash deposit and investment policy adopts state statutes regarding custodial credit risk for deposits. As of December 31, 2022, the Town's bank balances and carrying balances were insured or collateralized as follows:

Bank balances	
Federally insured	\$ 231,906
Collateralized	<u>15,654,902</u>
Total bank balances	<u>\$ 15,888,808</u>
Carrying balances	
Federally insured	\$ 236,100
Collateralized	<u>15,398,874</u>
Total bank balances	<u>\$ 15,634,974</u>

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

3. Cash and Investments (continued)

Investments

The Town adopted an approved investment policy during 2020. The objectives of the policy are to provide safety, liquidity and yield while ensuring effective and judicious fiscal management of the Town's funds. The policy allows the Board of Trustees to authorize the Town Treasurer to invest all or any part of funds in securities which are authorized for investment by state law.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Trustees. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements. Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools. These trusts are supervised by participating governments and must comply with the same restrictions on cash deposits and investments. These trusts are "Colotrust" and "CSAFE".

As of December 31, 2022, the Town had the following investments:

Investment

Colorado Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust)	\$ 8,098,332
Colorado Surplus Asset Safe Trust (CSAFE) – Colorado CORE	7,635,672
Colorado Statewide Investment Program (CSIP)	<u>7,623,297</u>
Total Investments	<u>\$ 23,357,301</u>

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

3. Cash and Investments (continued)

COLOTRUST

The Town has invested \$8,098,332 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commission administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1. The Trust offers shares in three portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+ and COLOTRUST EDGE. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S., including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAs/S1 by FitchRatings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

CSAFE

At December 31, 2022, the Town had invested \$7,635,672 in Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) Colorado Core (CORE). As an investment pool, CSAFE operates under the Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75- 701) and is overseen by the Colorado Securities Commissioner. CSAFE invests in securities that are specified by the Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75-601). CORE authorized securities primarily include highly rated commercial paper and corporate bonds, bank deposits (collateralized through PDPA) and other Colorado LGIP funds inclusive of other funds offered by CSAFE as allowed. CORE operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$2.00. CORE measures all of its investments at amortized cost with a weighted average maturity of 180 days or less. CORE is rated AAAs/S1 by Fitch Ratings. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

3. Cash and Investments (continued)

CSIP

At December 31, 2022, the Town had invested \$7,623,297 in Colorado Statewide Investment Program (CSIP) Liquid Portfolio (Portfolio). As an investment pool, CSIP operates under the Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75- 701) and is overseen by the Colorado Securities Commissioner. CSIP invests in securities that are specified by the Colorado Revised Statutes (24-75-601). The Portfolio authorized securities primarily include bank deposits (collateralized through PDPA), commercial paper, repurchase agreements, corporate securities, asset-backed securities and other Colorado LGIP funds inclusive of other funds offered by CSIP as allowed. The Portfolio operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. CSIP records its investments at fair value and the Town records its investment in the Portfolio using the net asset value as determined by fair value. The Portfolio is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

As of December 31, 2022, cash is restricted as follows:

Restriction

Series 2012 Water Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds Reserve	\$ 164,800
Sewer fund cash restricted for Facility Expansion and retiring PIF credits	6,244,233
Escrow agreement related to capital purchase	147,744
Conservation trust proceeds restricted for parks and recreation expenditures	<u>280,989</u>
Total	<u>\$6,837,766</u>

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

4. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2021	Transfers/ Additions	Transfers/ Retirements	Balance December 31, 2022
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, <i>not being depreciated</i> :				
Land	\$ 116,698	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 116,698
Construction in Process	<u>-</u>	<u>146,395</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>146,395</u>
Total capital assets, <i>not being depreciated</i>	<u>116,698</u>	<u>146,395</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>263,093</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,768,330	7,420	-	2,775,750
Parks	469,876	-	(78,321)	391,555
Streets	9,337,792	-	-	9,337,792
Infrastructure	166,944	24,975	-	191,919
Equipment	<u>1,351,444</u>	<u>230,568</u>	<u>(451,448)</u>	<u>1,130,564</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>14,094,386</u>	<u>262,963</u>	<u>(529,769)</u>	<u>13,827,580</u>
Less accumulated depreciations for				
Buildings	\$ (453,863)	\$ (67,012)	\$ -	\$ (520,875)
Parks	(315,999)	(19,578)	-	(335,577)
Streets	(1,981,447)	(311,258)	-	(2,292,705)
Infrastructure	(113,266)	(5,565)	-	(118,831)
Equipment	<u>(1,068,280)</u>	<u>(86,927)</u>	<u>445,781</u>	<u>(709,426)</u>
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(3,932,855)</u>	<u>(490,340)</u>	<u>445,781</u>	<u>(3,977,414)</u>
Total capital assets, <i>being depreciated</i> , net	<u>10,161,531</u>	<u>(227,377)</u>	<u>(83,988)</u>	<u>9,850,166</u>
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 10,278,229</u>	<u>\$ (80,982)</u>	<u>\$ (83,988)</u>	<u>\$ 10,113,259</u>

Depreciation expense of Governmental Activities were charged to the following activities:

General government - administrative	\$ 120,094
Public safety - police	30,334
Public works - streets	320,334
Public works - parks	<u>19,578</u>
 Total	 <u>\$ 490,340</u>

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

4. Capital Assets (continued)

Business-type activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2021 (as restated)	Transfers/ Additions	Transfers/ Retirements	Balance December 31, 2022
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets, <i>not being depreciated</i> :				
Land	\$ 334,564	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 334,564
Water rights	509,688	-	-	509,688
Construction in progress	<u>2,752,868</u>	<u>30,288</u>	<u>(2,729,122)</u>	<u>54,034</u>
Total capital assets, <i>not being depreciated</i>	<u>3,597,120</u>	<u>30,288</u>	<u>(2,729,122)</u>	<u>898,286</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building improvements	30,112	-	-	30,112
Building	2,259,124	-	-	2,259,124
Plant	22,341,549	2,777,692	-	25,119,241
Line and connections	4,625,273	36,190	-	4,661,463
Equipment	840,828	31,224	-	872,052
Meters	58,256	292,864	-	351,120
Vehicles	<u>21,371</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,371</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>30,176,513</u>	<u>3,137,970</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,314,483</u>
Accumulated Depreciation				
Building improvements	(30,842)	(1,388)	-	(32,230)
Building	(312,818)	(55,691)	-	(368,509)
Plant	(7,677,719)	(681,669)	-	(8,359,388)
Line and connections	(1,777,730)	(147,235)	-	(1,924,965)
Equipment	(605,198)	(58,488)	-	(663,686)
Meters	(58,256)	-	-	(58,256)
Vehicles	<u>(13,198)</u>	<u>(3,265)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(16,463)</u>
	<u>(10,475,761)</u>	<u>(947,736)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(11,423,497)</u>
Total capital assets, <i>being depreciated, net</i>	<u>19,700,752</u>	<u>2,190,234</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,890,986</u>
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 23,297,872</u>	<u>\$ 2,220,522</u>	<u>\$ (2,729,122)</u>	<u>\$ 22,789,272</u>

Depreciation expense of business type activities were charged to the following activities:

Water operations	\$ (387,836)
Sewer operations	<u>(559,900)</u>
	<u>\$ (947,736)</u>

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

5. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities of the Town for the year ended December 31, 2022:

Governmental activities	Balance at December 31, 2021	Additions	Payments	Balance at December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
<i>Bonds</i>					
2012 G.O. Refunding Bonds	\$ 245,000	\$ -	\$ 245,000	\$ -	\$ -
2018 Limited Tax G.O. Bonds	3,775,000	-	180,000	3,595,000	190,000
<i>Other</i>					
Bond premium	136,472	-	8,028	128,444	8,028
Lease purchases	103,889	271,551	56,380	319,060	73,553
Compensated Absences	25,731	36,699	-	62,430	-
Total	\$ 4,286,092	\$ 308,250	\$ 489,408	\$ 4,104,934	\$ 271,581

Business-type activities	Balance at December 31, 2021	Additions	Payments	Balance at December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
<i>Bonds</i>					
Revenue bonds					
2012 Water	\$ 1,140,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 1,015,000	\$ 135,000
<i>Other</i>					
Bond premium	17,204	-	2,151	15,053	2,151
Compensated Absences	20,636	11,365	-	32,001	-
Total	\$ 1,177,840	\$ 11,365	\$ 127,151	\$ 1,062,054	\$ 137,151

Bonds Payable

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012, dated November 20, 2012

The bonds, in the original amount of \$2,140,000, matured on December 1, 2022 with annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments due on each December 1. Interest at rates ranging from 2% to 3% is payable on June 1 and December 1 each year. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Town, on December 1, 2019 and on any date thereafter, without redemption premium. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 2002 G.O. Bonds.

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2018, dated April 18, 2018

The bonds, in the original amount of \$4,500,000, mature on December 1, 2037, and require principal payments due on each December 1 with mandatory sinking fund redemption beginning in 2031. Interest at rates ranging from 3% to 4% is payable on June 1 and December 1 each year. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Town, on December 1, 2026 and on any date thereafter, without redemption premium. The bonds were issued to fund general capital projects.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Lease Purchases

During 2020, the Town entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of police vehicles. The lease was for the capital cost of the equipment totaling \$106,809. The lease is due in payment of principal and interest of \$22,472 on November 20 through 2024. The lease bears an interest rate of 2.60%.

During 2021, the Town entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of police vehicles. The lease was for the capital cost of the equipment totaling \$53,327. The lease is due in annual payments of principal and interest of \$11,303 on June 11 through 2025. The lease bears an interest rate of 2.99%.

In November 2021, the Town entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of a public works vehicle during the ensuing year. In connection with the agreement, the lessor established an Acquisition Fund to invest the purchase price of \$63,515 until the earlier of 1) a payment request and acceptance certificate for the leased equipment, 2) twelve months from the commencement date of the escrow agreement or 3) written notification by the Lessor that the lease has been terminated. The Town took delivery and acceptance of the vehicle during 2022. The lease bears an interest rate of 4.75%. The lease is due in annual installments of principal and interest of \$13,304 on July 8 through 2026.

In July 2022, the Town entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of police vehicles. The lease was for the capital cost of the equipment totaling \$61,483. The lease is due in annual payments of principal and interest of \$13,304 on July 8 through 2025. The lease bears an interest rate of 4.10%.

In April 2022, the Town entered into a lease agreement for the purchase of a public works vehicle during the ensuing year. In connection with the agreement, the lessor established an Acquisition Fund to invest the purchase price of \$146,553 until the earlier of 1) a payment request and acceptance certificate for the leased equipment, 2) twelve months from the commencement date of the escrow agreement or 3) written notification by the Lessor that the lease has been terminated. The Town expects delivery and acceptance of the vehicle in 2023. The lease bears an interest rate of 4.85%.

Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, dated November 20, 2012

The bonds, in the original amount of \$2,180,000, mature annually on December 1 through December 1, 2029. Interest at the initial and current rate of 2% to 3% is payable on June 1 and December 1 each year. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the Town, at any time on and after December 1, 2020, at the redemption price, plus accrued interest. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 1997 and 2007 Revenue and Improvement Bonds.

The bonds require the Town to maintain a reserve in the amount of \$164,800. At December 31, 2022, the cash restricted for the bond reserve was \$164,800.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

5. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Debt maturities

The bond obligations of the governmental activities mature as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest and Servicing Fees</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 190,000	\$ 127,000	\$ 317,000
2024	195,000	121,300	316,300
2025	200,000	115,450	315,450
2026	205,000	109,450	314,450
2027	305,000	12,200	317,200
2028-2032	1,135,000	450,950	1,585,950
2033-2037	1,365,000	229,400	1,594,400
Total	<u>\$ 3,595,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,165,750</u>	<u>\$ 4,760,750</u>

The lease purchase obligations of the governmental activities mature as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 73,553	\$ 11,460	\$ 85,013
2024	76,559	8,452	85,011
2025	54,362	5,985	60,347
2026	47,216	4,020	51,236
2027	21,700	2,324	24,024
2028-2029	45,670	2,377	48,047
Total	<u>\$ 319,060</u>	<u>\$ 34,618</u>	<u>\$ 353,678</u>

The obligations of the business-type activities mature as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 135,000	\$ 29,256	\$ 164,256
2024	135,000	25,713	160,713
2025	140,000	22,000	162,000
2026	145,000	18,150	163,150
2027	150,000	13,800	163,800
2028-2029	310,000	14,100	324,100
Total	<u>\$ 1,015,000</u>	<u>\$ 123,019</u>	<u>\$ 1,138,019</u>

Debt authorization

As of December 31, 2022 the Town had no authorized but unissued debt.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

6. Net Position

The Town has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, loans, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

As of December 31, 2022, the Town had net investment in capital assets as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Capital assets, net	\$ 10,113,259	\$ 22,789,272
Current portion of long-term debt	(271,581)	(135,000)
Long-term debt due in more than one year	<u>(3,770,923)</u>	<u>(895,053)</u>
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$ 6,070,755</u>	<u>\$ 21,759,219</u>

Restricted net position includes net position that is restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, government grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of December 31, 2022, the Town had restricted net position as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Emergency reserves (see Note 13)	\$ 186,932	\$ -
Conservation Trust	254,750	-
Capital asset	147,744	-
Capital projects – PIF Collections	-	6,244,233
Net Pension Asset - FPPA	-	427,044
Bond debt service (see Note 5)	<u>-</u>	<u>164,800</u>
Restricted net position	<u>\$ 589,426</u>	<u>\$ 6,836,077</u>

As of December 31, 2022, the Town had an unrestricted net position of \$7,685,599 in governmental activities and unrestricted net position in business-type activities of \$21,463,846.

7. State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA)

Plan description

The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan covering substantially all full-time employees of participating fire or police departments in Colorado hired on or after April 8, 1978 (New Hires), provided that they are not already covered by a statutorily exempt plan. As of August 5, 2003, the Plan may include clerical and other personnel from fire districts whose services are auxiliary to fire protection. The Plan became Effective January 1, 1980.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

7. State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (continued)

The Plan assets are included in the Fire & Police Members' Benefit Investment Fund and the Fire & Police Members' Self-Directed Investment Fund (for Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) assets and Separate Retirement Account assets from eligible retired members).

Colorado statutes assign the authority to establish benefit provisions to the state legislature. FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for both the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan and the Statewide Death and Disability Plan. FPPA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained on FPPA's website at <http://www.fppaco.org>.

Description of Benefits

A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. Effective January 1, 2021, a member may also qualify for a normal retirement pension if the member's combined years of service and age equals at least 80, with a minimum age of 50 (Rule of 80).

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2.0 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

. Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan ("SWDB Plan"). Benefit adjustments paid to retired members are evaluated annually and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

A member is eligible for an early retirement after completion of 30 years of service or attainment of age 50 with at least five years of credited service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions

The Plan sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for the SWDB plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership. Effective January 1, 2021, contribution rates for employers and members may be increased equally by the FPPA Board of Directors upon approval through an election by both the employers and members.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

7. State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (continued)

In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates increased 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 13 percent of pensionable earnings. In 2021, members of the SWDB plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 11.5 percent and 8.5 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 20.0 percent. In 2022, members of the SWDB plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 12.0 percent and 9.0 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 21.0 percent. Contributions to the Plan from the Town were \$63,262 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Contributions from members and employers of departments reentering the system are established by resolution and approved by the FPPA Board of Directors. The member and employer contribution rates will increase through 2030 as described above for the non-reentering departments. Effective January 1, 2021, reentry departments may submit a resolution to the FPPA Board of Directors to reflect the actual cost of reentry by department. Each reentry department is responsible to remit contributions to the plan in accordance with their most recent FPPA Board of Directors approved resolution.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the Town reported an asset of \$527,394 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was based upon the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Town's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At December 31, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.09731 percent, which was an increase of 0.0068 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

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Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

7. State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized pension income of \$63,971. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 151,021	\$ 12,300
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	75,210	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	\$ 352,962
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	-	24,581
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>63,262</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 289,493</u>	<u>\$ 389,843</u>

\$63,262 in total reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Town contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Amount
2023	\$ (52,283)
2024	(88,792)
2025	(51,669)
2026	(16,360)
2027	29,884
Thereafter	15,608
	<u>\$ (163,612)</u>

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

7. State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuations for the plan were used to determine the actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021. The valuations used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2021
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	30 Years
Long-term investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	4.25 – 11.25 percent
Cost of Living Adjustment	0%
Inflation	2.5%

For determining the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The preretirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

At least every five years the FPPA's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2018 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2019. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5 percent). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

7. State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	39.00%	8.23%
Equity Long/Short	8.00%	6.87%
Private Markets	26.00%	10.63%
Fixed Income - Rates	10.0%	4.01%
Fixed Income - Credit	5.0%	5.25%
Absolute Return	10.0%	5.60%
Cash	2.0%	2.32%
Total	100%	

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the FPPA Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent; the municipal bond rate is 1.84 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.00 percent.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

7. State Fire and Police Pension Plan (FPPA) (continued)

	1.00 % Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1.00% Increase (8.00%)
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability / (Asset)	(\$72,731)	\$ (527,394)	\$ (904,056)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the SWDB's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's annual comprehensive financial report, which can be obtained at <http://www.fppaco.org>.

8. Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA) – 457 Plan

Employees of the Town who are members of the FPPA Statewide Defined Benefit Plan may voluntarily contribute to the FPPA 457 Deferred Compensation Plan (FPPA 457 Plan), an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 defined contribution plan administered by FPPA. Plan participation is voluntary, and contributions are separate from others made to FPPA. FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the 457 Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to FPPA of Colorado, 5290 DTC Parkway, Suite 100, Englewood, Colorado 80111 or by calling FPPA at 1-800-332-FPPA (3772).

The FPPA 457 Plan is funded by voluntary member contributions of up to a maximum limit set by the IRS, with catch-up contributions allowed for participants who had attained the age of 50 before the close of the plan year. Plan member pre- tax contributions to the 457 Plan were \$1,560 for 2022.

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff

Plan Description

Eligible employees of the Town are provided with pensions through the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided as of December 31, 2021

PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff (continued)

Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714. The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases, the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2021, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S., once certain criteria are met. Pursuant to SB 18-200, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007 will receive an annual increase of 1.25 percent unless adjusted by the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) pursuant to C.R.S. § 24-51-413. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007 will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.25 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the LGDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned annual increase by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff (continued)

Contribution provisions of December 31, 2021

Eligible employees and the Town are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Employee contribution rates for the period 1/1/2021 through 12/31/2021 are summarized in the table below:

	January 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022	July 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022
Employee contribution	8.50%	9.00%

The employer contribution requirements for all employees other than State Troopers are summarized in the table below:

	January 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022	July 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022
Employer Contribution Rate*	10.50%	11.00%
Amount of Employer Contribution Apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)*	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Amount Apportioned to LGDTF*	9.48%	9.98%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411*	2.20%	2.20%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411*	1.50%	1.50%
Defined Contribution Supplement as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-415	0.03%	0.03%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the LGDTF*	13.21%	13.71%

* Rates are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Town is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from the Town were \$144,085 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2021, the Town reported an asset of \$110,792 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability for the LGDTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2021.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff (continued)

The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Town's contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF.

At December 31, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.12922 percent, which was an increase of 0.01245 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized pension income of \$157,174. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,414	\$ 1,850
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	37,556	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	958,372
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	83,485	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>144,085</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 270,540</u>	<u>\$ 960,222</u>

\$144,085 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Amortization
2023	\$ (135,175)
2024	(351,062)
2025	(231,234)
2026	<u>(116,296)</u>
	<u>\$ (833,767)</u>

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff (continued)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Price Inflation	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	0.70%
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.20 – 11.30%
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.25%
Discount Rate	7.25%
Future Post Retirement Benefit Increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure Hire Prior to January 1, 2007 and DPS Benefit Structure (Automatic)	1.00% Compounded Annually
PERA Benefit Structure Hire After December 31, 2006 (Ad Hoc, Substantively Automatic)	Finance by the Annual Increase Reserve

Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The TPL as of December 31, 2021, includes the anticipated adjustments to contribution rates and the AI cap, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefit-weighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff (continued)

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 97% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

- **Females:** 105% of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions for members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020. As a result of the November 20, 2020, PERA Board meeting, the following economic assumptions were changed, effective December 31, 2020:

- Price inflation assumption decreased from 2.40 percent per year to 2.30 percent per year.
- Real rate of investment return assumption increased from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Wage inflation assumption decreased from 3.50 percent per year to 3.00 percent per year.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff (continued)

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>30-Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00	1.30
Private Equity	8.50	7.10
Real Estate	8.50	4.40
Alternatives	6.00	4.70
Total	<u>100.00</u>	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.0 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff (continued)

- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered AI cap, from 1.25% to 1.00%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, LGDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1.00 % Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1.00% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 759,654	\$ (110,792)	\$ (838,882)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's annual comprehensive financial report, which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – PERA, Non-Police Staff (continued)

Total pension balances presented in Notes 7 and 9 above related to FPPA and PERA are presented in the aggregate on the financial statements as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>			<u>Business Activities</u>			<u>Total Primary Government</u>		
	Net Pension	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Net Pension	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Net Pension	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
FPPA	\$527,394	\$289,493	\$389,843	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$527,394	\$289,493	\$389,843
PERA	53,292	130,131	461,873	57,500	140,409	498,350	110,792	270,540	960,223
Total	\$580,686	\$419,624	\$851,716	\$57,500	\$140,409	\$498,350	\$638,186	\$560,033	\$1,350,066

10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

General Information about the OPEB Plan

The Town of Lochbuie participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description

Eligible employees of the Town are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits Provided

The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions

Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the Town is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the Town were \$10,839 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$86,622 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2021. The Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Town's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.0100454 percent, which was an increase of 0.00113 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$7,857. At December 31, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 132	\$ 20,538
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,793	4,699
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	5,362
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	25,739	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>10,839</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 38,503</u>	<u>\$ 30,599</u>

\$10,839 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Amortization
2023	\$ 373
2024	(2,800)
2025	(3,387)

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

<u>Year ended December 31,</u>	<u>Amortization</u>
2026	890
2027	1,686
Thereafter	<u>303</u>
	\$ (2,935)

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age
Price Inflation	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	0.70%
Wage Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases, including wage inflation:	3.20%-11.30%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates:	
Service-based Premium Subsidy	0.0%
PERACare Medicare Plans	4.50 % in 2021, gradually decreasing 2029 to 4.50%
Medicare Part A Premiums	3.75% for 2021, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2029

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age sixty-five or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A in the December 31, 2020 valuation, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2020 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

<u>Initial Costs for Members Without Medicare Part A</u>			
<u>Medicare Plan</u>	<u>Monthly Cost</u>	<u>Monthly Premium</u>	<u>Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65</u>
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$ 633	\$ 230	\$ 591

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	596	199	562
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The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

<u>Year</u>	<u>PERACare Medicare Plans</u>	<u>Medicare Part A Premiums</u>
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions (members other than State Troopers) were based upon the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Males: 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Females: 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the Trust Fund:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2021 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A Trend Rate	2.50%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$84,135	\$86,622	\$89,504

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

10. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1.00 % Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1.00% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	\$100,603	\$86,622	\$74,680

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's ACFR, which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

11. Defined Contribution Plan

The Town offers to employees participation in the Town of Lochbuie Section 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan (457 Plan), an Internal Revenue Code Section 457 defined contribution plan. Nationwide Life Insurance Company is contracted to manage contributions and maintain participant accounts. Plan participation is voluntary.

The 457 Plan is funded by voluntary member contributions of up to maximum limit set by the IRS (\$20,500 for 2022). Catch-up contributions of up to \$6,500 are allowed for participants who had attained the age of 50 before the close of the plan year. Plan member pre-tax contributions to the 457 Plan were \$7,980 and post-tax Roth contributions were \$18,880 for 2022.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

12. Intergovernmental Agreements

Beebe Draw Wastewater Service Agreement

Effective August 14, 2009 the Town entered into the First Amended and Restated Beebe Draw Wastewater Service Agreement with the City of Brighton (Brighton) and the South Beebe Draw Metropolitan District (SBDMD). Under the terms of the agreement, the Town will maintain its wastewater treatment plant capacity to serve the Beebe Draw service area to full development.

The expansion required to achieve the capacity is funded by special charges in the form of Plant Investment Fees (PIFs) which are to be collected and remitted to an income-producing escrow account. The escrow account was governed by an Escrow Agreement executed by the Town and Brighton. The Town is the owner, operator and manager of the treatment plant. PIFs in the escrow account are for the development, acquisition and construction of future facility expansions to serve property in the Beebe Draw Service Area.

In June 2021, the Town with the City of Brighton and the South Beebe Draw Metropolitan District entered into The First Amendment to the First Amended and Restated Beebe Draw Wastewater Service Agreement. The amendment replaced certain parts of the 2009 agreement. The Town is required to deposit the PIFs collected by the Town and Brighton in a segregated income-producing account with funds disbursed solely for the purposes set forth in the agreement. The PIF was set at a rate of \$4,725 per sewer tap effective January 1, 2018. Funds are submitted to the account on a monthly basis by the Town and Brighton. As of December 31, 2022, the PIF account had a balance of \$6,244,233.

13. Risk Management

The Town is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a joint self-insurance pool created by intergovernmental agreement of over 200 municipalities to provide property, general and automobile liability, and public officials' coverage to its members. CIRSA is governed by a seven-member board elected by and from among its members. Coverage is provided through pooling of self-insured losses and the purchase of excess insurance coverage. CIRSA has a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in its annually established loss fund and those amounts available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds and amounts recoverable from excess insurance are direct liabilities of the participating members. CIRSA has indicated that any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs, although it is not required to do so.

The Town has not been informed of any excess losses that may have been incurred by the pool for the past three years.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

14. Tax, Spending and Debt Limitation

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The Town's management believes the Enterprise funds of the Town qualify for this exclusion.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal year spending as adjusted for allowable increases for inflation and local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenues in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded unless retention of such revenue has been approved by the voters.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls or salary or benefit increases.

The Town believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits and qualification as an Enterprise will require judicial interpretation.

The Town passed a ballot question on November 5, 1996. The ballot question permitted the Town to collect, retain and expend, without imposing any new taxes or increases in its present mill levy on general property or its sales and use tax rates, the full revenues generated by the Town's sales and use tax, non-federal grants, its existing mill levy and any other excess revenues, commencing January 1, 1995, and each subsequent year, notwithstanding any state restrictions of Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado Constitution, and spend as a voter- approved change and exception to the limits which would otherwise apply for: (a) street construction, repair, and maintenance; (b) capital improvements; (c) parks and recreation; (d) police protection; (e) storm drainage; (f) snow removal; (g) street sweeping; and (h) other municipal services. In 2016, the Town received notification from the State of Colorado Department of Local Affairs that they have determined that the ballot question language is not sufficient to remove the Town from the statutory property revenue tax limitation of 5.5%.

Town of Lochbuie, Colorado
Notes to Financial Statements (continued)
December 31, 2022

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and Judgments

The Town participates in a number of federal, state, and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the Town may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of December 31, 2022, grant expenditures had not been audited, but the Town believes that any future audits will not discover disallowed expenditures that would have a material effect on any of the individual governmental funds or the overall financial position of the Town.

16. Prior- period restatement

The Town has restated beginning Net Position in both the Water Fund and Government-Wide Business-Type Activities. The purpose of the restatement is to correctly reflect American Rescue Plan Act funding not matched with eligible expenses, and therefore not eligible for revenue recognition in the prior year. Additionally, historical depreciation errors for the water and wastewater plants have been corrected. The restatement is summarized as follows:

Restatement in Water Enterprise Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position			
	January 1, 2022 As Originally Stated	Restatement	January 1, 2022 As Restated
Capital assets, net	7,188,045	293,394	7,481,439
Unearned Revenue	-	917,929	917,929
Net Position	22,570,676	(624,535)	21,946,141
Restatement in Sewer Enterprise Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position			
	January 1, 2022 As Originally Stated	Restatement	January 1, 2022 As Restated
Capital assets, net	14,388,600	(2,169,287)	12,219,313
Net Position	24,467,048	(2,169,287)	22,297,761
Restatement of Business-Type Activities in Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities			
	January 1, 2022 As Originally Stated	Restatement	January 1, 2022 As Restated
Unearned Revenue	-	917,929	917,929
Capital assets, net	21,576,645	(1,875,893)	19,700,752
Net Position	47,037,724	(2,793,822)	44,243,902

Town of Lochbuie

Required Supplementary Information

Town of Lochbuie
Conservation Trust Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ 80,000	\$ 100,680	\$ 20,680
Interest earnings	<u>126</u>	<u>3,685</u>	<u>3,559</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>80,126</u>	<u>104,365</u>	<u>24,239</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Parks, recreation and improvements	<u>274,203</u>	<u>68,074</u>	<u>206,129</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>274,203</u>	<u>68,074</u>	<u>206,129</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		<u>\$ 36,291</u>	<u>\$ 230,368</u>
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>218,459</u>	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR		<u><u>\$ 254,750</u></u>	

Town of Lochbuie
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Employer Contributions - FPPA
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

<u>Colorado FPPA- Pension</u>		Proportionate			Net Pension Liability	Fiduciary Net Position
Plan	Proportion of	Share of the Net		Covered	as a Percentage	as a Percentage of
Measurement	the Net Pension	Pension Liability		Payroll	of Member Payroll	Total Pension Liability
Date	Liability	(Asset)				
12/31/2013	0.06857%	\$ (61,317)	\$	297,842	-20.6%	105.8%
12/31/2014	0.07385%	\$ (83,344)	\$	332,133	-25.1%	106.8%
12/31/2015	0.08131%	\$ (1,433)	\$	393,362	-0.4%	100.1%
12/31/2016	0.09421%	\$ 34,042	\$	482,150	7.1%	100.1%
12/31/2017	0.09054%	\$ (130,260)	\$	559,800	-23.3%	106.3%
12/31/2018	0.08927%	\$ 112,856	\$	406,175	27.8%	95.2%
12/31/2019	0.09181%	\$ (51,926)	\$	676,691	-7.7%	95.2%
12/31/2020	0.09051%	\$ (196,502)	\$	726,997	-27.0%	106.7%
12/31/2021	0.09732%	\$ (527,394)	\$	785,158	-67.2%	116.2%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

* The data provided in this schedule is based as of the measurement date of the Town's net pension liability, which is as of the beginning of the year.

Period	Actuarially	Actual	Contribution	Actual	Contributions as
Ended	Required	Contributions	Excess/(Deficiency)	Covered	a Percentage of
	Contributions			Payroll	Covered Payroll
12/31/2013	\$ 23,827	\$ 23,827	\$ -	\$ 297,842	8%
12/31/2014	26,571	26,571	-	332,133	8%
12/31/2015	31,534	31,534	-	393,262	8%
12/31/2016	38,572	38,572	-	482,150	8%
12/31/2017	44,784	44,784	-	559,880	8%
12/31/2018	32,494	32,494	-	406,175	8%
12/31/2019	54,135	54,135	-	676,691	8%
12/31/2020	58,160	58,160	-	726,997	8%
12/31/2021	66,591	66,591	-	785,158	8%
12/31/2022	63,262	63,262	-	702,911	9%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Town of Lochbuie
Required Supplementary Information - PERA
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Colorado PERA - Pension

Plan Measurement Date *	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Member Payroll	Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
12/31/2013	0.06416%	\$ 527,985	\$ 322,098	163.92%	77.66%
12/31/2014	0.05878%	\$ 526,867	\$ 351,416	149.93%	80.72%
12/31/2015	0.06695%	\$ 737,491	\$ 457,823	161.09%	76.90%
12/31/2016	0.08113%	\$ 1,095,488	\$ 594,660	184.22%	73.65%
12/31/2017	0.09646%	\$ 1,073,973	\$ 550,481	195.10%	79.40%
12/31/2018	0.01019%	\$ 1,281,573	\$ 578,304	221.61%	75.96%
12/31/2019	0.10185%	\$ 744,945	\$ 687,567	108.35%	86.26%
12/31/2020	0.11674%	\$ 608,379	\$ 833,121	73.02%	90.88%
12/31/2021	0.12922%	\$ (110,792)	\$ 953,307	-11.62%	101.49%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

* The data provided in this schedule is based as of the measurement date of the Town's net pension liability, which is as of the beginning of the year.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contributions	Actual Employer Contributions	Contribution Excess/(Deficiency)	Actual Covered Member Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2013	\$ 40,842	\$ 40,842	\$ -	\$ 322,098	12.68%
12/31/2014	44,559	44,559	-	351,416	12.68%
12/31/2015	58,052	58,052	-	457,823	12.68%
12/31/2016	75,403	75,403	-	594,660	12.68%
12/31/2017	69,801	69,801	-	550,481	12.68%
12/31/2018	73,329	73,329	-	578,304	12.68%
12/31/2019	87,183	87,183	-	687,567	12.68%
12/31/2020	107,688	107,688	-	833,121	12.93%
12/31/2021	127,006	127,006	-	953,307	13.32%
12/31/2022	144,153	144,153	-	1,062,650	13.57%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Town of Lochbuie
Required Supplementary Information - OPEB
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Colorado PERA - OPEB

Plan Measurement Date *	Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	Covered Payroll	OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Member Payroll	Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability
12/31/2016	0.0062%	\$ 80,743	\$ 594,660	13.58%	16.72%
12/31/2017	0.0075%	\$ 97,406	\$ 550,481	17.69%	17.53%
12/31/2018	0.0079%	\$ 107,458	\$ 578,304	18.58%	17.03%
12/31/2019	0.0078%	\$ 87,679	\$ 687,567	12.75%	24.49%
12/31/2020	0.0089%	\$ 84,684	\$ 833,121	10.16%	32.78%
12/31/2021	0.0100%	\$ 86,622	\$ 953,307	9.09%	39.40%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

* The data provided in this schedule is based as of the measurement date of the Town's net OPEB liability, which is as of the beginning of the year.

Schedule of Town Contributions

Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contributions	Actual Employer Contributions	Contribution Excess/(Deficiency)	Actual Covered Member Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2016	\$ 6,065	\$ 6,065	\$ -	\$ 594,660	1.02%
12/31/2017	6,207	6,207	-	550,481	1.13%
12/31/2018	5,903	5,903	-	578,304	1.02%
12/31/2019	7,013	7,013	-	687,567	1.02%
12/31/2020	8,498	8,498	-	833,121	1.02%
12/31/2021	9,724	9,724	-	953,307	1.02%
12/31/2022	10,839	10,839	-	1,062,650	1.02%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Town of Lochbuie
Enterprise Fund - Water
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 2,480,069	\$ (19,931)
Other operating	1,089,749	235,704	(854,045)
Earnings on investments	5,000	172,112	167,112
Tap fees/PIFs	<u>1,734,600</u>	<u>1,448,199</u>	<u>(286,401)</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>5,329,349</u>	<u>4,336,084</u>	<u>(993,265)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Operating expenses	1,727,465	932,039	795,426
General administration	766,898	557,750	209,148
Debt service			-
Principal	125,000	125,000	-
Interest	32,538	30,387	2,151
Capital outlay	<u>7,431,000</u>	<u>116,563</u>	<u>7,314,437</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>10,082,901</u>	<u>1,761,739</u>	<u>8,321,162</u>
 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 <u>(4,753,552)</u>	 <u>2,574,345</u>	 <u>7,327,897</u>
 FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 <u>7,109,392</u>	 <u>11,490,498</u>	 <u>4,381,106</u>
 FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	 <u>\$ 2,355,840</u>	 <u>\$ 14,064,843</u>	 <u>\$ 11,709,003</u>
 ADJUSTMENTS FROM BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS			
Principal		125,000	
Capital outlay		116,563	
Depreciation		<u>(387,836)</u>	
 CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS		 2,428,072	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated		<u>21,946,141</u>	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 24,374,213</u>	

Town of Lochbuie
Enterprise Fund - Sewer
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures
And Changes in Fund Balance—Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	ORIGINAL AND FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 1,038,000	\$ 1,047,359	\$ 9,359
Other operating	924,580	1,074,244	149,664
Earnings on investments	-	120,978	120,978
Tap fees/PIFs	<u>2,680,550</u>	<u>2,967,533</u>	<u>286,983</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>4,643,130</u>	<u>5,210,114</u>	<u>566,984</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Operating expenses	1,421,613	955,886	465,727
General administration	430,055	307,160	122,895
Capital outlay	<u>1,992,000</u>	<u>322,573</u>	<u>1,669,427</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>3,843,668</u>	<u>1,585,619</u>	<u>2,258,049</u>
 CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	 <u>799,462</u>	 <u>3,624,495</u>	 <u>(1,691,065)</u>
 FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 <u>7,109,392</u>	 <u>11,490,498</u>	 <u>4,381,106</u>
 FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	 <u>\$ 7,908,854</u>	 <u>\$ 15,114,993</u>	 <u>\$ 2,690,041</u>
 ADJUSTMENTS FROM BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS			
Capital outlay		322,573	
Depreciation		<u>(559,900)</u>	
 CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS		 3,387,168	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>22,297,762</u>	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 25,684,930</u>	

Town of Lochbuie

Other Supplementary Information

Town of Lochbuie
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity
December 31, 2022

\$4,500,000

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds

Series 2018

Dated June 1, 2017

Principal Due December 1

Interest Rate 2% to 4% Payable

June 1 and December 1

<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 190,000	\$ 127,000	\$ 317,000
2024	195,000	121,300	316,300
2025	200,000	115,450	315,450
2026	205,000	109,450	314,450
2027	210,000	103,300	313,300
2028	220,000	97,000	317,000
2029	225,000	90,400	315,400
2030	235,000	83,650	318,650
2031	245,000	76,600	321,600
2032	250,000	66,800	316,800
2033	260,000	56,800	316,800
2034	275,000	46,400	321,400
2035	285,000	35,400	320,400
2036	295,000	24,000	319,000
2037	305,000	12,200	317,200
	<u>\$ 3,595,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,165,750</u>	<u>\$ 4,760,750</u>

Town of Lochbuie
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity
December 31, 2022

\$2,180,000
Water Revenue Bonds
Series 2012
Dated June 1, 2017
Principal Due December 1
Interest Rate 2% to 3% % Payable

<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>	<u>June 1 and December 1</u>			<u>Total</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 135,000	\$ 29,256	\$ 164,256	\$ 325,000	\$ 156,256	\$ 481,256
2024	135,000	25,713	160,713	330,000	147,013	477,013
2025	140,000	22,000	162,000	340,000	137,450	477,450
2026	145,000	18,150	163,150	350,000	127,600	477,600
2027	150,000	13,800	163,800	360,000	117,100	477,100
2028	150,000	9,300	159,300	370,000	106,300	476,300
2029	160,000	4,800	164,800	385,000	95,200	480,200
2030	-	-	-	235,000	83,650	318,650
2031	-	-	-	245,000	76,600	321,600
2032	-	-	-	250,000	66,800	316,800
2033	-	-	-	260,000	56,800	316,800
2034	-	-	-	275,000	46,400	321,400
2035	-	-	-	285,000	35,400	320,400
2036	-	-	-	295,000	24,000	319,000
2037	-	-	-	305,000	12,200	317,200
	<u>\$ 1,015,000</u>	<u>\$ 123,019</u>	<u>\$ 1,138,019</u>	<u>\$ 4,610,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,288,769</u>	<u>\$ 5,898,769</u>

Town of Lochbuie
Summary of Assessed Valuation
Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected
December 31, 2022

Levy Year / Collection Year	Weld County	Adams County	Total Assessed Valuation	Percent Change
2012/2013	\$ 18,463,420	199,310	\$ 18,662,730	
2013/2014	17,008,537	223,580	17,232,117	-7.67%
2014/2015	16,957,900	191,260	17,149,160	-0.48%
2015/2016	22,984,210	132,630	23,116,840	34.80%
2016/2017	24,756,620	127,890	24,884,510	7.65%
2017/2018	34,280,430	160,280	34,440,710	38.40%
2018/2019	38,033,630	97,900	38,131,530	10.72%
2019/2020	51,880,640	351,970	52,232,610	36.98%
2020/2021	76,745,480	100,100	76,845,580	47.12%
2021/2022	69,105,590	402,430	69,508,020	-9.55%
2022/2023	87,683,830	3,596,850	91,280,680	31.32%

Town of Lochbuie

Compliance Section

The public report burden for this information collection is estimated to average 380 hours annually.

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT		City or County: Lochbuie
		YEAR ENDING : December 2022
This Information From The Records Of (example - City of _ or County of _) Town of Lochbuie	Prepared By: Phone:	Denise Rademacher 303-990-5775

I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE

ITEM	A. Local Motor-Fuel Taxes	B. Local Motor-Vehicle Taxes	C. Receipts from State Highway-User Taxes	D. Receipts from Federal Highway Administration
1. Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES**III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES**

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway disbursements:	
1. Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (from page 2)	24,975
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	360,419
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street services:	
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control operations	15,103
2. General fund appropriations	0	b. Snow and ice removal	28,466
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	1,270,509	c. Other	6,954
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	18,203	d. Total (a. through c.)	50,524
5. Transfers from toll facilities	0	4. General administration & miscellaneous	155,389
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enforcement and safety	0
a. Bonds - Original Issues	0	6. Total (1 through 5)	591,306
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues	0	B. Debt service on local obligations:	
c. Notes	0	1. Bonds:	
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest	139,750
7. Total (1 through 6)	1,288,713	b. Redemption	425,000
B. Private Contributions	0	c. Total (a. + b.)	564,750
C. Receipts from State government (from page 2)	258,440	2. Notes:	
D. Receipts from Federal Government (from page 2)	0	a. Interest	0
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	1,547,153	b. Redemption	0
		c. Total (a. + b.)	0
		3. Total (1.c + 2.c)	564,750
		C. Payments to State for highways	0
		D. Payments to toll facilities	0
		E. Total disbursements (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	1,156,056

IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS
(Show all entries at par)

	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)	4,133,925	0	425,000	3,708,925
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
B. Notes (Total)		0	0	0

V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE

	A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
	678,616	1,547,153	1,156,056	1,069,713	0

Notes and Comments:

In 2020, the Town completed two large road improvement projects expending over \$4M from the General Fund. In 2022, no new projects were started and very little road maintenance was completed due to staffing changes / shortages which contributed to the excess receipts vs disbursements. The Town does not have a dedicate Road and Street Fund. It is a Department within the General Fund. As such, it has no beginning and ending fund balance. Having a positive ending "fund balance" this year does not reflect the \$4M contribution from the General Fund in 2020 or large General Fund appropriations in previous years.

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT		STATE: Colorado	
		YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2022	

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL			
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	564,750	a. Interest on investments	0
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalties	0
1. Sales Taxes	578,028	c. Parking Garage Fees	0
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	37,015	d. Parking Meter Fees	0
3. Liens	0	e. Sale of Surplus Property	0
4. Licenses	0	f. Charges for Services	18,203
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	90,716	g. Other Misc. Receipts	0
6. Total (1. through 5.)	705,759	h. Other	0
c. Total (a. + b.)	1,270,509	i. Total (a. through h.)	18,203
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
1. Highway-user taxes	229,969	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	0
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	0
b. Project Match		c. HUD	0
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	28,471	d. Federal Transit Admin	0
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant	0	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	0
e. Other (Specify)	0	f. Other Federal	0
f. Total (a. through e.)	28,471	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	258,440	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL			
	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs		0	0
b. Engineering Costs		0	0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities		0	0
(2). Capacity Improvements		0	0
(3). System Preservation		0	0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation		24,975	24,975
(5). Total Construction (1) + (2) + (3) + (4)	0	24,975	24,975
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	24,975	24,975
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: